Sagebrush Ecosystem Program

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STATE OF NEVADA Sagebrush Ecosystem Program

SAGEBRUSH ECOSYSTEM COUNCIL STAFF REPORT MEETING DATE: January 8 & 9, 2014

DATE: January 3, 2014

TO: Sagebrush Ecosystem Council Members

FROM: Sagebrush Ecosystem Technical Team

Telephone: 775-684-8600

THROUGH: Tim Rubald, Program Manager

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SUBJECT: Discussion and consideration of draft Sagebrush Ecosystem Program

comments to date on the BLM/USFS Nevada and Northeastern California Sub-Regional Greater Sage-Grouse Draft Land Use Plan Amendment

(LUPA) and Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS).

SUMMARY

This item presents draft comments to date, prepared by the SETT on the BLM/USFS Nevada and Northeastern California Sub-Regional Greater Sage-Grouse Draft LUPA/DEIS (hereafter DEIS) for SEC review, discussion, and consideration. The SETT has not finished their review of the DEIS and anticipate bringing additional comments to the SEC at the January 23, 2014 meeting. It is further anticipated the SEC will provide comments to the SETT on specific items to be considered and finalized for submission at the January 23, 2014 meeting.

The comments presented today are solely on the DEIS document itself and do not reflect SEC approved revisions to the State Alternative. The SETT is working with BLM/USFS staffs to incorporate those changes into the Final EIS.

PREVIOUS ACTION

July 30, 2013. The Council adopted the Sagebrush Ecosystem Strategic Detailed Timeline, which included review of the DEIS.

November 18, 2013. The Council directed the SETT to compile comments on the DEIS and submit them on behalf of the Sagebrush Ecosystem Program for the State.

December 18, 2013. The Council discussed possible comments to be developed on specific sections of the DEIS.

DISCUSSION

On December 9, 2011, a Notice of Intent was published in the Federal Register to initiate the BLM/USFS Greater Sage-grouse Planning Strategy across ten western states. The BLM and USFS are preparing LUPAs with associated EISs for LUPs containing sage-grouse habitat range-wide. The BLM/USFS are pursuing this to respond to USFWS' March 2010 "warranted, but precluded" ESA listing petition decision for the greater sage-grouse. The USFWS identified inadequate regulatory mechanisms as one of the significant factors in their findings on the petition to list sage-grouse. The USFWS identified the principle regulatory mechanisms for the BLM/USFS to be conservation measures outlined in LUPs.

This agenda item addresses the DEIS for the Nevada and Northeastern California subregion, one of 15 sub-regions currently undergoing the concurrent planning process for greater sage-grouse. The DEIS has six alternatives for analysis and consideration:

- Alternative A: No Action Alternative
- Alternative B: National Technical Team (NTT) Report Alternative
- Alternative C: Western Watershed Project Alternative
- Alternative D: BLM/USFS Agency Alternative (*currently the preferred alternative*)
- Alternative E: State of Nevada Alternative
- Alternative F: Wild Earth Guardians Alternative

This agenda item presents draft comments on the DEIS to date prepared by the SETT. The comments presented today are solely on the DEIS document itself and do not reflect SEC approved revisions to the State Alternative. The SETT is working with BLM/USFS staffs to incorporate those changes into the Final EIS. The SETT has yet to complete their review of the DEIS and anticipate bringing further developed comments back to the SEC at their January 23, 2014 meeting for final approval based on today's discussion. The SETT would welcome guidance from the SEC on the possible development of additional comments on specific items and direction on how to proceed with further development of the comments.

FISCAL IMPACT

There is no fiscal impact at this time.

RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends the SEC discuss the comments prepared by the SETT and provide comments developed by the SEC in a workshop format. As well, the SETT would welcome additional direction on possible development of additional comments, on specific items to be considered by the SEC at their January 23, 2014 meeting.

POSSIBLE MOTION

There is no proposed motion at this time.

Attachments:

1. DRAFT Sagebrush Ecosystem Program Comments on the Nevada and Northeastern California Greater Sage-Grouse Draft LUPA and EIS.

Ch/ App	Section	Page #	Text Referencing	Comment
Ex. Summary	ES.10.1	xxvi (xxxviii)	Alternative A: No Action	Reword to clarify: the sentence is currently worded as "would develop new management actions <u>for</u> <u>to</u> protect" Suggest removing the word "for" and leaving the word "to".
Ex. Summary	ES.10.5	xxvii (xxxix)	Alternative E	replace "or" with "and" in "avoid, minimize, <u>or</u> mitigate strategy" This correction is obtained from the Nevada State Plan Section 3.1.2 Conservation Policies - "Avoid, Minimize, Mitigate" The State disagrees that under Alt E, BLM-administered lands in
Exec Sum		xxiv (xxxvi)	ES.8.5 Alternative E	California would be managed similar to Alt A (No Action). The State sees no logical reason why the goals, objectives, and management action for Alt E cannot be extended to BLM-administered lands in California.
Exec Sum		xxvii (xxxix)	ES.10.4 Alternative D; 2nd bullet	It is unclear why BLM would propose excluding all wind and solar energy development, while BLM is also proposing ROW avoidance for the planning area. Wind and solar energy development may not have negative impacts on GRSG in all areas mapped as habitat. The ROW avoidance policy would allow for the BLM to say no to wind and solar projects that would have negative impacts on GRSG and allow those that may have neutral impacts to proceed.
1	1.2	1-6 and 1- 7 (6 and 7)	Table 1.1., 1.3,	The totals for PPH in these two tables are not the same. It is unclear why they are not the same. In addition the totals do not appear to be summed correctly for PGH and Total Acres in Table 1.1 or for PPH, PGH, and Total Acres in Table 1.3. Even if the sums are corrected they do not match between tables. This should be corrected or clarifying text should be provided.
1	1.2	1-7 (7)	Table 1.4.	The totals for PPH, PGH, and Total Acres in this table are equal to or greater than the values in Tables 1.1. and 1.3. Because this is just for BLM lands, and not for FS lands, it would be expected that these numbers would LESS than those in Tables 1.1 and 1.3. This should be corrected or clarifying text should be provided.

Ch/ App	Section	Page #	Text Referencing	Comment
				The State disagrees that under Alt E, BLM-administered lands in
				California would be managed similar to Alt A (No Action). The State
				sees no logical reason why the goals, objectives, and management
				action for Alt E cannot be extended to BLM-administered lands in
2	2.4.5	2-14 (46)	Alternative E section; 1st paragraph	California.
			"The BLM, Forest Service, and other conservation partners use the resulting information to guide implementation of	Second to last paragraph unclear what "resulting information" is
	2.5.2	2-18 (50)	conservation activities."	relating to. What information is this sentence referencing?
2	2.3.2	2-10 (30)	Starting with"Standardization of	The bottom three paragraph on this page are poorly written and
			monitoring methods and	unclear in what concept is to be conveyed. They are disconnected and
2	2.5.2	2-18 (50)	implementation"	the tense is not consistent in use.
2	2.5.2	2-19 (51)	"Indicators at the fine and site scales will be consistent with the Habitat Assessment Framework; however, the values for the indicators could be adjusted for regional conditions."	Habitat Assessment Framework - needs citation Stiver et al 2010 (this is already in the references section).
2	2.3.2	2-19 (31)	adjusted for regional conditions.	is already in the references section).
2	2.5.3	2-20 (52)	Starting with, "Adaptive Management Plan The BLM and Forest Service"	It should be stated by when this adaptive management plan will be developed, written, and implemented.
2	2.5.3	2-20 (52)	Starting with, "The State of Nevada is updating a plan to provide more"	The reference to State of Nevada monitoring and adaptive management plan is unclear in these two sentences. It states that the "BLM will evaluate this plan to the greatest extent possible" - Does this mean that the BLM intends to adopt it or that potentially the State of Nevada and the BLM may have separated Monitoring and Adaptive Management plans that may be different. Please provide clarification.
2	2.3.3	2-20 (32)	updating a plan to provide more	ivianagement pians that may be unferent. Please provide clarification.
2	2.8.1	2-32 (64) and 2-41 (73)	On both pages, starting with, "In California, the BLM used a mapping method based"	This paragraph is repeated in part on these two pages. In addition, it is then unclear how this mapping method ties into the concept of PPH and PGH. Please provide further clarification.

Ch/ App	Section	Page #	Text Referencing	Comment
				There is no Sub-objectives listed for Alt D, but seems that the Habitat
				Objectives Table, and the Monitoring Plan (Appdx E) and the Adaptive
				Management Plan that are part of this EIS would meet the same end.
2	2.8.2	2-50 (82)	"Sub-Objective D-SSS 3: —"	This Sub-objective should be updated.
				The State disagrees that under Alt E, BLM-administered lands in
				California would be managed similar to Alt A (No Action). The State
				sees no logical reason why the goals, objectives, and management
				action for Alt E cannot be extended to BLM-administered lands in
2	2.8.2	2-89 (121)	Table 2.4; asterisk at bottom of table	California.
2	2.8.2	2-93 (125)	Table 2.5; Action D-SSS-AM 2	Change to consult with NDOW and SETT
			"Action D-SSS-AM 7: The agencies	
			would coordinate with the Nevada	
			Sagebrush Technical Team on all	This would be more appropriated categorized as D-SSS-MIT 3 which is
			proposed disturbances within the state	currently "D-SSS-MIT 3: -". This action relates more to mitigation than
	202	2 00 (121)	of Nevada to meet the mutual goal of	to adaptive management and would then line up with Action E-SSS-
	2.8.2	2-99 (131)	no unmitigated loss."	MIT 7 which gets at no net loss as well.
			Starting with, "Action D-SSS-AM 8: The	This would be more appropriately categorized as D-SSS-MIT 1, which is
			BLM and Forest Service would	currently " D-SSS-MIT 1:-". This action relates more to mitigation than
		2-100	coordinate with the Nevada	to adaptive management and would then line up with "Action E-SSS-
2	2.8.2	(132)	Sagebrush"	MIT 1:" which gets at the conservation credit system as well.
	2.0.2	(132)	Jugest usti	willen gets at the conservation credit system as well.
		2-102		The phrases "Mitigation Bank Program" and "central mitigation bank"
2	2 5	(134)	Action E-SSS-MIT 1: PMA-3	to be replaced with "Conservation Credit System"
	2.0	(=== 1)	,	to action discontinuous content of stem
		2-105		The phrases "Mitigation Bank Program" and "central mitigation bank"
2	2.5	(137)	Alternative E; TMA-21.1	to be replaced with "Conservation Credit System"
		2-112	·	change third bullet point from "Mitigation Bank Program." to
2	2.5	(142)	Action E-SSS-ACDM 4	"Conservation Credit System."

Ch/ App	Section	Page #	Text Referencing	Comment
				change second bullet point wording that currently reads as
		2-114		"Mitigation Bank Program (PMA-3)" to "Conservation Credit
2	2.5	(144)	Alternative E	System (PMA-3)"
		2-116		At the top of the column, replace "Mitigation Bank Program" with
2	2.5	(146)	Alternative E	"Conservation Credit System"
2	2.5	2-122 (152) 2-131 (163)	Alternative E; TMA-21.1 Table 2.5; Action D-VEG 19	in the first sentence of this section, replace "Mitigation Bank Program" with "Conservation Credit System". In the second sentence replace "this central mitigation bank," with "this state operated conservation credit system," What is BLM's justification for this management action? Provide a citation if this action is to remain in the alternative.
	2.0.2	2-131	Table 2.3, Action 5 VEG 13	Add to this action "unless grazing is part of the vegetation treatment
2	2.8.2	(163)	Table 2.5; Action D-VEG 20	design" to match the language in Action D-VEG 20.
2	2.8.2	2-131 (163)	Table 2.5; Action D-VEG 19 & 20	The State is greatly concerned about the implications of these management actions. Under this scenario, a permitee would not be allowed to graze their allotment for a total of three years if a vegetation treatment was to occur on their allotment. This may discourage permitees participating in vegetation treatments on their allotments. Taking into consideration that livestock grazing is the most widespread use of public lands in Nevada, this may severely limit the ability to accomplish much needed vegetation management treatments on the ground. It may also discourage permittes from participating in the Conservation Credit System, developed as part of the State Alternative and adopted by the BLM in the Agency Alternative. The State encourages the BLM to consider these implications when selecting the preferred plan.
	202	2-168	T-1-1-2 5. A-1:/A 5\ 558.4 \ 158.4 7	The second sections listed in this sec.
2	2.8.2	(200)	Table 2.5; Action(A-F)-FFM-HFM-7	There are no actions listed in this row. Remove row.
	2.0.2	2-173	Table 2.5 Addis C.55NA U5NA C.	How is "good or better ecological condition" being defined here and
2	2.8.2	(205)	Table 2.5; Action C-FFM-HFM 10	what are the implications for management?

Ch/ App	Section	Page #	Text Referencing	Comment
				Does this action really propose constructing livestock enclosures (i.e.
				fencing) around post-fire recovery areas? Fires in Nevada can burn in
				excess of hundreds of thousands of acres. If this is selected then
				fencing would have to be constructed around these massive burn
				areas? Who would pay for this? Putting up so much additional
		2-181		fencing would lead to increased strike risk and could negatively impact
2	2.8.2	(213)	Table 2.5; Action F-FFM-HFM 25	GRSG populations. This is impractical for actual implementation.
				Clarification is needed on this action. Does this exclude other
		2-182		treatment methods or other existing vegetation in regards to fuels
2	2.8.2	(214)	Table 2.5; Action C-FFM-HFM 28	reductions treatments?
		2-195		Why does these management action only apply to nesting habitat?
2	2.8.2	(227)	Table 2.5; Action D-LG 2	What will the BLM do for brood rearing and winter habitat?
				What does the term "future management applications" mean in this
				context? This is too broad and leaves open to interpretation and
		2-196		inconsistent application across BLM districts. The BLM should add
2	2.8.2	(228)	Table 2.5; Action D-LG 4	more specificity or eliminate this action
				What does the term "appropriate changes" mean? This is too broad
				and leaves open to interpretation and inconsistent application across
		2-214		BLM districts. The BLM should add more specificity or eliminate this
2	2.8.2	(246)	Table 2.5; Action D-LG-D 1	action.
				Is there scientific literature on the effects on sage-grouse from low-
				impact recreational activities such as hiking and camping? It is not
				mentioned in the NTT report. The BLM should have a scientific basis
				for proposing such a draconian management action, such as not
				allowing new recreational facilities in all PPMAs and PGMAs. If the
				BLM does not have scientific justification, then it should be eliminated
		2-215		from consideration in the final plan, particularly since it conflicts with
2	2.8.2	(247)	Table 2.5; Action D-REC 2	the BLM's multiple-use mandate.

Ch/ App	Section	Page #	Text Referencing	Comment
		2-228		Suggest removing of last sentence in this section. It appears
2	2.5	(258)	Action E-LR-LUA 7: TMA-9.3:	redundant.
		2-176		Suggest removing of last sentence in this section. It appears
2	2.5	(312)	Action E-LR-LUA 7: TMA-9.3:	redundant.
				Replace "Mitigation Bank Program." with "Conservation Credit
		2-228		System." This is found in the first sentence in column labeled
2	2.8	(364)	Alternative E	Alternative E.
		2-268		
		(300) -		
		2-322		
2	2.8.2	(354)	Table 2.5	This section on the table is repeated. Eliminate from final version
				The State disagrees that under Alt E, BLM-administered lands in
			`	California would be managed similar to Alt A (No Action). The State
				sees no logical reason why the goals, objectives, and management
		2-322		action for Alt E cannot be extended to BLM-administered lands in
2	2.8.2	(354)	Table 2.5; asterisk at bottom of table	California.
				VOC
				I was unable to find detailed methods and output on the VDDT
				modeling. As this modeling effort is critical to the analysis and
			Third hollet (VDDT is first assessed in	conclusions reached in Chapter 4, additional detail should be provided
			Third bullet. (VDDT is first presented in	to assure transparency of information and so that the reader can more
4	4.2.4	4.42 (605)	Chapter 3 p 3-26 but provides no real	easily understand what the VDDT modeling is, how it "works", and
4	4.3.1	4-13 (605)	explanation.)	how conclusions were reached.
				How did BLM arrive at the conclusion that short-term impacts are up
			Other Handward With Highward	to ten years and long-term impacts exceed ten years. This seems
ا	4.2.4	4.40 (60=)	8th bullet starting with "Short-term	arbitrary. Please include a citation or justification if this is to remain in
4	4.3.1	4-13 (605)	ımpacts"	the document.

Ch/ App	Section	Page #	Text Referencing	Comment
				The first part of this sentence is scientifically accurate but the
				conclusion is a faulty and misguided assumption to base the analysis of
				the alternatives on. What type of "disturbances" are being referred to
				here? A vegetation manipulation project can be considered a
				disturbance but is proposed throughout the BLM and other
				alternatives. What type of "protections" are being referred to here?
			9th bullet starting with "Because GRSG	This is unclear and may lead to an underlying faulty analysis of the
4	4.3.1	4-13 (605)	are highly"	alternatives.
4	4.3.2	4-15 (607)	Livestock Grazing Management subsection	The effects of livestock grazing are being misrepresented in this section. Livestock grazing can have a not only a negative effect on sage-grouse and their habitat, but also a neutral or positive effect as well. This extends far beyond reducing fuel loads as is suggested here. The statement that "grazing restrictions" only will enhance GRSG habitat and sagebrush ecosystem health is misleading and does not fully capture the breath of published peer-reviewed scientific literature on this matter. Please refer to the literature synthesis on this subject: Davies et al (2001) titled "Saving the sagebrush sea: An ecosystem Conservation plan for big sagebrush plant communities". Biological Conservation. 144: 2573-2584.
4	4.3.2	4-16 (608)	2nd paragraph; 3rd sentence	This statement needs a citation
				The BLM states here that "exclusion areas may result in more
				widespread development on private lands if government management
				lands could not be used", yet the BLM's own alternative proposes
				extensive exclusion areas (all PPMAs and PGMAs) for new recreational facilities, utility-scale wind and solar energy facilitates, salable mineral
				development, and non-energy leasing minerals. This is an
			Land Uses and Realty Management	inconsistency that BLM should consider when selecting their preferred
1	4.3.2	4-18 (610)	·	plan.
<u> </u>	7.5.2	1 TO (0TO)	Jungention	Migrit.

Ch/ App	Section	Page #	Text Referencing	Comment
			Comprehensive Travel and	
			Transportation Management	
4	4.3.2	4-20 (612)	subsection; 1st paragraph; last sentence	This statement needs a citation
				Alt E does not limit habitat disturbances to not more than five percent
				per year, per SGMA, unless habitat treatment show credible positive
				results. Please refer to the letter submitted to BLM/ USFS dated July
				1, 2013 as part of the ADEIS review. Please strike mention on this
4	4.3.8	4-44 (636)	1st paragraph; last sentence	anywhere it appears throughout the document.
				Table 4.25; 4.26, and 4.27 essentially convey the same information
4	4.3.8	4-45 (637)	Table 4.25	and do not need to be repeated three times.
				The State disagrees that under Alt E, BLM-administered lands in
				California would be managed similar to Alt A (No Action). The State
			Impacts from Vegetation and Soils	sees no logical reason why the goals, objectives, and management
			Management subsection; 1st	action for Alt E cannot be extended to BLM-administered lands in
4	4.3.8	4-44 (637)	paragraph; 1st sentence	California.
				The citation "BLM and Forest Service 2013" is not in the References
ا		(60=)		Section. However, there is a "BLM and Forest Service GIS 2013" which
4	4.3.8	4-45 (637)		may be the correct citation. Please either add it or correct it.
			Impacts from Leasable Minerals	
			Management subsection; 1st	
4	4.3.8	4-46 (638)	paragraph; 2nd sentence	Alt E does not include NSO stipulations
			Impacts from Leasable Minerals	
4	4.3.8	4-47 (639)	Management subsection	It is unclear what the findings of this subsection are.
			Impacts from Salable Minerals	Alt E does not limit habitat disturbances to not more than five percent
			Management subsection; 1st	per year, per SGMA, unless habitat treatment show credible positive
4	4.3.8	4-47 (639)	paragraph; 2nd sentence	results. Please see previous comments.
			Impacts from Salable Minerals	
4	4.3.8	4-47 (639)	Management subsection	It is unclear what the findings of this subsection are

Ch/ App	Section	Page #	Text Referencing	Comment
				Alt E does not limit habitat disturbances to not more than five percent
			Impacts from Land Uses and Realty	per year, per SGMA, unless habitat treatment show credible positive
4	4.3.8	4-48 (640)	Management subsection; 1st paragraph	results. Please see previous comments.
				The State disagrees that Alt E is similar to Alt A in this instance and
				would provide few regulatory mechanisms to reduces impacts to
				GRSG. Alt E's avoid, minimize, mitigate policy is equivalent to a ROW
			Impacts from Land Uses and Realty	avoidance. The State respectively requests the BLM reconsiders the
4	4.3.8	4-48 (640)	Management subsection; last sentence	analysis of this subsection.
				The State disagrees that there would be more wind and solar energy
			Impacts from Renewable Energy	development under Alt E than Alt A. The State requests clarification
4	4.3.8	4-48 (640)	Management; last sentence	on how BLM arrived at this conclusion.
			Impacts from Vegetation and Soil	Alt E does not limit habitat disturbances to not more than five percent
			subsection; sentence starting with,"	per year, per SGMA, unless habitat treatment show credible positive
4	4.4.8	4-69 (661)	However, this alternative would limit"	results. Please see previous comments.
4	4.4.8	4-70 (662)	1st paragraph; sentence starting, "The dominance of cheatgrass"	The BLM states here that the dominance of cheatgrass and medusa head cannot be rectified by simply removing cattle or by reducing their numbers. However, the BLM's alternative relies heavily on adjusting allowable use levels when allotments are not meeting GRSG habitat objectives (Table 2.6). By the same token, the BLM is considering two alternatives that would either eliminate grazing from public lands completely or reduce it by 25%. The BLM should carefully consider their own words stated here when selecting their preferred plan for livestock grazing.
4	4.4.8	4-70 (662)	Impacts from Wild Horse and Burro Management subsection	The State disagrees that Alt E for wild horse and burro management is the same as Alt A. Alt E proposes goals, objectives, and management actions that emphasize impacts to GRSG and their habitat in wild horse and burro management.
			Impacts from Locatable and Salable	Alt E's goal for no net loss of GRSG habitat and the Conservation Credit
4	4.4.8	4-71 (663)	Minerals Management subsection	System needs to be included in the analysis of this section.

Ch/ App	Section	Page #	Text Referencing	Comment
			Impacts from Land Uses and Realty	Alt E's goal for no net loss of GRSG habitat and the Conservation Credit
4	4.4.8	4-71 (663)	Management subsection	System needs to be included in the analysis of this section.
			Impacts from Renewable Energy	Alt E's goal for no net loss of GRSG habitat and the Conservation Credit
4	4.4.8	4-71 (663)	Management subsection	System needs to be included in the analysis of this section.
			Impacts from Wild Horse and Burro	The State disagrees that Alt E would be equivalent to Alt A (no action.)
4	4.5.8	4-91 (683)	Management subsection	The State contends that Alt E would be similar to Alt D in this instance.
				Alt E does not limit habitat disturbances to not more than five percent
				per year, per SGMA, unless habitat treatment show credible positive
4	4.5.8	4-92 (684)	1st sentence	results. Please see previous comments.
			Impacts from Land Uses and Realty	Alt E's policy of avoid, minimize, mitigate is equivalent to ROW
4	4.5.8	4-92 (684)	Management subsection	avoidance.
				The State disagrees that under Alt E, BLM-administered lands in
				California would be managed similar to Alt A (No Action). The State
				sees no logical reason why the goals, objectives, and management
		4-125		action for Alt E cannot be extended to BLM-administered lands in
4	4.8.8	(717)	1st paragraph; 1st sentence	California.
				The State disagrees that Alt E would be the same as Alt A in this
				instance. Please refer to TMA-12 of the State Alternative originally
		4-126	Impacts from Livestock Grazing	submitted to the BLM. This provides for the use of livestock grazing
4	4.8.8	(718)	Management subsection	for fuels reduction.
			last paragraph; last sentence;	
		4-148	"Alternative E does not contain the BLM	The State requests clarification on what exactly "the BLM regulatory
4	4.9.8	(740)	regulatory mechanism."	mechanism" is.
		4-170	Impacts from Lands Uses and Realty	Alt E also includes an objective of no net loss of GRSG habitat and is
4	4.12.8	(762)	subsection	similar to ROW avoidance. This needs to be considered in the analysis.

Ch/ App	Section	Page #	Text Referencing	Comment
			"Epanchin-Niell, R. S., M. B. Hufford, C.	
			E. Aslan, J. P. Sexton, J. D. Port, and T.	This citation is not correct- it is a paper on yellow star thistle. The
			M. Waring. 2009. "Controlling invasive	intended citation is likely: "Epanchin-Niell, R., J. Englin, and D. Nalle.
			species in complex social landscapes."	2009. Investing in rangeland restoration in the Arid West, USA:
			Front. Ecol. Environ.	Countering the effects of an invasive weed on the long-term fire cycle.
7		7-39 (955)	doi:10.1890/090029."	Journal of Environmental Management 91:370-379."

