

### Representing Nevada's Rural Electric Cooperatives, Power Districts, and Municipal Utilities.

Prepared for the Nevada Sagebrush Ecosystem Council

August 3<sup>rd</sup> 2017

Presented By:

Richard "Hank" James
Executive Director
NREA



#### **NEVADA RURAL ELECTRIC ASSOCIATION**

- Founded in 1974 to represent the collective interests of Nevada's rural electric distribution systems not being served by the I.O.U.
- NREA Advocates for consumers with national and state legislators, agencies, local governments and like-minded Associations about the importance of the services our utility members provide.
- NREA members are not-for-profit distributors of electric service:
  - One municipal utility
  - Six rural electric cooperatives
  - Two power districts.

### Governance



• Each NREA member is an individual *Association* of people with a purpose to purchase and distribute electricity to the members of their Association.

- Local, democratically elected boards are at the center of each member's utility system with a common mission to:
  - Provide safe, reliable, and low-cost electric service for their ownermember/consumers.
- PUCN oversight is limited as prescribed in various NRS enabling statutes relative to the Association's entities:

Electric Cooperatives --- Power Districts --- Municipalities.

# NREA Utility Members Do Not Have "Customers"



• Net revenues are allocated back to the <a href="Owner/Members">Owner/Members</a> as <a href="capital">capital</a> credits... Either refunded by check or utility bill credit on a pro-rata basis. (Cooperatives)

 For Public Utility Districts and Municipalities, net revenues are returned to the consumer manifested in lower rates or lower taxes.

• Local Boards set strategic direction for their own utilities:

Total Utility Plant	Total Annual	Total Employees	Total Annual
Investment	Revenue		Payroll
\$293,852,330	\$184,353,076	266	\$12,345,678

### STRATEGIC PLANNING



- The democratic structure of NREA member Boards
  - Enable each utility's Board to make progressive changes to their own energy policies only if their owner-members/consumers want change.
- Acquire and distribute economically sensible renewable/carbon-free generation resources
  - To meet local service area needs as they arise.
- NREA utility members have no excess profit component when setting rates.
   Rate components = Energy + Demand + Cost of Business

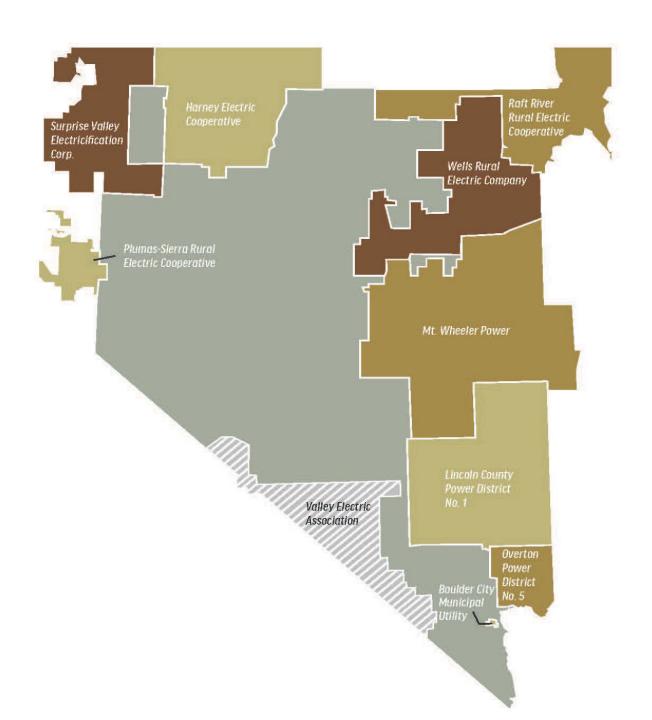
### NREA UTILITY MEMBERS



- Harney Electric Cooperative, Hines, OR
- Lincoln County Power District No. 1, Pioche, NV
- Mt. Wheeler Power, Ely, NV
- Overton Power District #5, Overton, NV
- Raft River Rural Electric, Malta, ID
- Wells Rural Electric Company, Wells, NV
- Boulder City Electric Utility, Boulder City, NV
- Surprise Valley Electrification Corp, Alturas, CA
- Plumas-Sierra Rural Electric Co-op, Portola, CA

## LOCATION OF NEVADA'S RURAL ELECTRIC UTILITIES





#### **NEVADA'S RURAL UTILITIES**



- Provide electricity over ~50% of the land and serve ~10% of the Nevada's population.
- NREA utility members serve an average 5.2 consumers per mile of distribution power line, compared to over 34 consumers per mile.
- Nevada's rural utilities operate *distribution* systems and seek to acquire and distribute least-cost renewable/carbon-free generation resources to meet their local needs as they arise.

Accounts	NV Service Area	MWh	Peak Load	Miles of Distribution	Miles of
in Nevada	Sq. Mi.	Sold/2015	MW		Transmission
41,562	48,216	2,731,475	503	12,248	1,664

## Summary by the Numbers



- Utility Members: 9
- Renewable/Carbon-Free Portfolio: ~65%
- Nevada Consumers: 41,562
- Owner-Member/Consumers per mile of distribution line: 5.2
- Nevada Service Territory: 48,216 square miles
- Employees: 266
- Combined Load: 2,731,475 MWh Peak Load: 502 MW (CY2015)
- Elected Owner-Member/Consumer Directors: 68

# NREA's Sage Grouse Conservation Accomplishments:



- WREC Pine Valley Feeder distribution line upgrade (2013).
  - 16 mile distribution upgrade from single phase to three phase.
  - BLM permitting required five stipulations on the proposed project to reduce potential impacts to greater sagegrouse.
  - BLM and WREC amicably agreed to modified stipulations for perch discouragers and bird flight diverters <u>based on an exchange of best available science</u>.
- WREC Distribution line upgrade and extension (2015).
  - January 2015 <u>WREC</u> met with <u>BLM</u> and <u>WREC Owner/Member</u> (Mine) to discuss greater sage-grouse impacts from the distribution line and extension.
  - April 2015 WREC and BLM compromised regarding perch deterrents. WREC completed a site visit and line-of-sight
    analysis from known lek to distribution pole locations. Results of <u>line-of-sight analysis</u> were used to determine which
    structures would receive perch deterrents.
- NREA Construction and right-of-way renewals (ongoing)
  - NREA utility <u>members proactively apply avoidance and minimization measures</u> to construction activities and existing right-of-way renewals to reduce impacts to greater sage-grouse.
  - Examples include seasonal restrictions on field activities, raven nest removal, and application of perch deterrents.

# NREA's Sage Grouse Conservation Accomplishments: (Continued)



- NREA Draft Land Use Plan Amendment/Draft Environmental Impact Statement (LUPA/DEIS) review (2015).
  - NREA reviewed and provided comment on the LUPA/DEIS for management of greater sage-grouse during development of that document.
  - NREA completed a review of portions of the LUPA/DEIS which may impact their member's infrastructure and operations.
- NREA Nevada Sagebrush Landscape Conservation and Economic Development Act
  - 2014 NREA reviewed and provided comment on the Act, a bill developed by Nevada Senators Harry Reid and Dustin Heller.
- NREA Greater Sage-Grouse Bi-State Distinct Population Segment (BSSG) Forest Plan Amendment/Final Environmental Impact Statement (FEIS) review (2015)
  - NREA reviewed and provided comment on the FEIS for management of the greater sage-grouse bistate population during development of that document.

# NREA's Sage Grouse Conservation Accomplishments: (Continued)



- HEC Oregon Sub-Regional Greater Sage-Grouse Draft Resource Management Plan Amendment/Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) review (2014).
  - HEC reviewed and provided comment on the LUPA/DEIS for management of greater sage-grouse during development of that document.
  - HEC completed a review of portions of the LUPA/DEIS which may impact their infrastructure and operations.
- NREA Greater Sage-Grouse Focal Point at annual meetings.
  - 2013 NREA hosted biologists from consulting firm <u>POWER Engineers</u> at their annual conference to provide information regarding greater sage-grouse, desert tortoise, golden eagle, and other biological constraints potentially encountered by NREA members.
  - 2014 NREA hosted biologists from consulting firm POWER Engineers at their annual conference to specifically educate members on the changing landscape of greater sage-grouse regulation and management.
  - 2016 NREA hosted Kelly McGowan as a keynote speaker to inform and educate NREA Leadership about SEC- CCS.
  - 2017 Kelly McGowan and the TAT has been invited to provide a CCS update and to determine possible collaboration efforts going forward.

## Environmental Challenges Facing Nevada's Rural Electric Power



- Avian Management Plans
  - Primary Conservation-focus on *Predator Deterrence*
  - Federal and State ESA-EPA compliance
  - Structure type variation
    - Height of poles (Distribution = 35' to 45') (Transmission = 65'- 100'+)
    - Armless construction design
    - 60" standard phase separation
    - Fiberglass insulated links for guy-wires
  - Raven Control Program
    - Depredation permits are not keeping up with population increase
    - ~\$400,000 for NREA's not-for-profit distribution systems (not including rangeland wildfire suppression)

#### CCS Concerns

- Primary Conservation-Focus on Sage Grouse habitat protection
- The Utility as a Buyer vs. Developer Role Confusion with owner/member
- Up to 30-year Commitment preventing power line changes
- Conflicting standard between BLM and SEC "6-Kilometer Rule" (Anti-perch on entire line vs. Line of sight)

# The Future: NREA & SEC Working Together



- NREA utility member policies are set to achieve equitable, environmentally responsible, sustainable livelihood for all ownermember/consumers.
  - We stand together as an Association of independent not-for-profit electric distribution systems... ready, willing, and able to assist the SEC enhance the sagebrush ecosystem with "net-benefit" to Sage Grouse habitat; and,
- To ensure the availability of safe, reliable, low-cost electric service to rural Nevadans.
  - Technical advisors are available from each NREA utility member to partner with the SEC-TAT to facilitate and contribute to responsible on-going research and data collection.



Nevada Rural Electric Association
Richard "Hank" James
Executive Director

1894 E. William Street, Suite 4222 Carson City, Nevada 89701 (775)275-0439 hjames@nrea.coop